

Salt Lake Evening Democrat.

VOL. II.—NO. 1.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1885.

FIVE CENTS.

HENLEY'S CULTRY, BEEF & IRON

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DR. HENLEY'S
Celery, Beef and Iron!
The Great Nerve Tonic.

It causes an effectual cure in cases of Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Debility, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Languor and Malarial Diseases.

For Sale at all Drug-gists at One Dollar a Bottle.

Be sure and see that the name of Tut-till, Cox & Co., or the Celery, Beef and Iron Extract Co. is on each bottle.

BUSINESS CARDS.

NOTICE. I HAVE THIS DAY BOUGHT out the Livery business of George W. Hall, and am prepared to continue the business at the old stand, Stables on West Temple Street, nearly opposite the Herald office. Near the corner of the city. L. HAZELGROVE, August 26, 1885.

E. R. CLUTE, DRYMAN, TRANSACTS A GENERAL TRANSFER BUSINESS to and from Europe. Leave orders at Remington, Johnson & Co.'s.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY repaired by Adolph Hauerbach, 36 E. 1st St. **FRED. ANDERSON, REAL ESTATE BROKER** and Notary Public. Rents houses, collects rents and interests, loans money at low rates, makes out deeds, mortgages, etc. Houses and lots for sale in all parts of the city. Office in old Salt Lake House. No trouble to show properties.

CHINA AND JAPAN BAZAAR. A LARGE assortment of Imported and Fancy Goods always on hand of every description. New goods received daily. Prices reasonable. Home Dry, No. 27 Main Street. Postoffice Box No. 1095.

NOTES 1, 2 AND 3, DR. HIGGINS' CATARRH Remedy, is warranted to cure all cases, if directions are followed. Office, No. 272 Main Street.

SALT AT NO. 272 MAIN STREET, THREE doors north of Cliff House, and see Dr. Higgins, the Microscopic and Analytic Physician, the Specialist, before taking medicine of anyone else. All orders by mail promptly filled. Address Dr. W. Higgins, No. 272 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. B. KEYSER,

Dentist,

Herald Building, opposite Continental Hotel, West Temple City, UTAH.

A. S. CHAPMAN, J. L. WHITLOCK, D.D.S.

CHAPMAN & WHITLOCK,

Dentists,

West Temple House. Anesthetics administered. Telephone in office.

F. C. NICHOLS,

Dentist.

Office opposite Walker House. Telephone in office. Hours—10 to 6.

E. B. WILSON,

Mining Engineer

AND PROPERTY MINERAL SURVEYOR.

Has been engaged in the surveying of

mines and lands in all parts of the

State. Office—129 Main Street (up stairs) by Jones & Co.'s Bank.

ASSAYERS.

FRANK FORT,

Assayer,

1014 SOUTH MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

City. Particular attention given to all business.

F. M. BISHOP,

Assayer,

161 MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

All work carefully and promptly executed.

J. MCVEIKER,

Assayer,

Under McCormick's Bank, Main St.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

W. G. M. STEWARD,

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10 E. Second South Street. P. O. Box 449.

Under Barber shop, east of U. T. Ticket Office.

INSURANCE.

LEWIS B. ROGERS,

INSURANCE.

THE LION FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

of London, England. Capital and assets,

\$4,000,000.

ORIENT INSURANCE CO.,

of Hartford, Connecticut. Capital and assets,

\$1,000,000.

WASHINGTON F. & M. INS. CO.,

of Boston, Massachusetts. Capital and assets,

\$1,000,000.

OFFICE—At Safe Deposit, Vault, Union Na-

tional Bank.

THE EAGLE FOUNDRY

And Machine Co.,

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS

—AND—

MACHINISTS.

75, 76, 77 and 79 W. Second South Street,

SALT LAKE CITY.

Manufacturers of Furnaces, Mining and

Milling Machinery, Mining Cars and Car

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Over 300 Mormon converts sailed from Liverpool Sunday, en route to Utah. Most of them are Scandinavians.

—Paddy Ryan is putting himself in good shape, and says he will not be caught napping when called on September 15th to stand before Sullivan in Baltimore.

—Emory Storms, the Chicago lawyer of national fame, it is said, defend some of the prominent polygamist Mormons at the coming term of the Third District Court.

—Sullivan is reported to have said to McCaffrey in the ring: "Why don't you force the fighting?" to which McCaffrey replied: "Do it yourself. You are the man who threatened to do me up in two punches."

—Joe Fasslabin, aged 12, pointed a musket at his niece, Cassie Ann, aged 9, at Shoshoneville, Ind., Sunday, and pulled the trigger. The ball passed through the child's head, instantly killing her. The boy didn't know it was loaded.

—Thousands of head of cattle are now on foot en route from Indian Territory to other States and Territories. It is not believed that the services of the military forces will be required to complete the evacuation of the Territory.

—The impression is said to prevail among cattlemen that the order of the President calling for the removal of all fences on public lands will not be enforced. It is stated at the department, however, that this order will be enforced to the letter, and with the full force of the military if necessary.

—McCaffrey had a rousing reception in Philadelphia last night. Billy Madden says he is one of the hardest hitters in the country. "I do not believe his ability as a fighter has been fairly tested yet. He has got no punishment to speak of. Until a man is tried, it is hard to tell what stuff there is in him."

—St. Louis cattlemen think Ben Butler's move to put an injunction on the President of the United States was a mistake. The cattle are moving in every direction; the cattlemen are using every means to comply with the President's orders; and fully one-half the cattle are already off the reservation and the remainder will be out of it within thirty days.

—It is said that it was Lieutenant Robert E. Impey who had the little fracas on board the flagship "Tennessee," at Bar Harbor, with a nephew of Senator Conkling because of certain remarks alleged to have been made by the Lieutenant reflecting upon the memory of Grant. The same letter, however, says the affair was greatly exaggerated. There was no challenge to a duel. The champagne cork was responsible for it all.

—At Ann Arbor yesterday, before the American Science Association, John Mulloy argued for social equality, claiming that it is possible to live well on thirty to forty cents a day. He believed that people lived too much on those things which are not necessary. He also insists on allowing the stomach's digestive organs to have a period of rest. Living on thirty cents a day would have the effect of giving their digestive organs a rest.

—Sunday, the Marysville coach to Helena, Montana, was stopped eight miles from Helena by two highwaymen, the treasure-box, containing about \$12,000 in bullion, from the Drum and the passengers were made to stand in line at the muzzle of a gun held by one of the highwaymen, while the other went through them in the old-fashioned manner. One of the robbers had given the plot away to the officers, and when the sheriff and his posse captured the robbers and recovered the booty. The prisoners are named Jackson and Gordon. The latter will be released and will get a reward of \$600. Jackson served seven years in the California penitentiary for stage robbing.

FRANK JAMES AT HOME.
The Bandit Tilling the Soil—He Declines to Give an Actor or a Museum Freak—Dying of Consumption.

St. Louis, August 27.—Frank James was found at the Rialto farm, a few miles north of Independence, Mo., yesterday, by a reporter who went out there to see what had become of the notorious bandit. Frank is no longer the handsome, stalwart fellow of old, but is in the last stages of consumption. Frank said that he was quite poor, and that he did not know just how he would get through the long winter. To the question concerning the reports of his adopting the stage as a profession he said: "That's only talk. I have received a bundle of letters from managers of first-class theatres who wanted to get blood and thunder plays written for me and to have a share of the time of those who wanted to place me on exhibition, but I have paid no attention to their offers. I'm a little too old to become an actor and I don't want to be made a curiosity of. These managers all offer me big money, but I cannot listen to them. I have firmly made up my mind not to go on the stage or into any museum business. I have chosen farm life and I am going to stick to it through all the rest of my days. I have been beaten the public long enough, and I don't want any more of it. I had a lawyer speak to me once on this subject. He told me it would be a very profitable thing for me to go on the stage, so I told him that I would not. He said that if I would agree to star in the play and let me support him. Of course he would not agree."

"Do you propose at any time to write an account of your life?"

"No, sir. If I did it would be so simple and tame that people would not only be disappointed—they would not believe it."

"What do you mean?"

"I mean that so much has been written about the James boys and their so-called exploits that when I had come to make a plain, calm statement of how little we did and how entirely lawful our acts were, the public would be surprised, and would say there was no truth in my book."

"Have you read any of the books published about the James boys?"

"Not one. I have seen some of them and may have skimmed over a page or two, but I have not read any one through. Still I know they are full of exaggerations and distortions of the truth. They are reproduced from the newspaper accounts of us, largely from the newspaper business, and you know how truthful a correspondent may be, he will be tempted to put a little color on to give his article the sensational hue that the readers of his paper want."

Frank says he has no fear of the Minnesota authorities claiming him, for, as he puts it, they have not a scintilla of evidence against him. He says that having answered all the charges brought against him in this State, he is now free to remain in peace, and he proposes ending his days on the farm at Independence.

The Fifteenth warders held forth on the Lake to-day.

A BAD MAN FROM TEXAS

Who Is Inclined to Make Money, and Buys \$10,000 Worth of the "Queer."

But Discovering a "Swindle," His Native Instincts at Once Crop Out.

And He Teaches the Sharper a Lesson in "Honesty" by Sending Him to Kingdom Come.

Murder of a Counterfeiter in New York.

New York, September 1.—Yesterday afternoon a man named Tom Davis was shot and killed at No. 113 Reade street by a man who gives his name as James T. Holland, said to be from Texas. Holland shot Davis twice, once in the breast and once through the neck. Davis was a well-known sporting man, and occupied this room for several years, conducting an alleged brokerage business in mining and other stocks. The room is only about six feet by ten, lighted by a single window, and is filthy in the extreme. Davis, a brother of the murdered man, was present at the time of the shooting.

THUNDER DOWN TWO FLOORS OF STAIRS
In his haste to get away, as Holland was walking rapidly away from the scene, Davis pointed him out to a policeman, who arrested him. Holland was reticent about the matter, merely asserting that the killing was justifiable. It is supposed the shooting grew out of some transaction in stocks. When searched at the station a heavy revolver and \$1,200 in money and two gold watches were found on him. In the right hand of the dead man was a \$5 bill, and scattered about the floor were bonds to the value of \$5,000. The following additional details of the occurrence are learned from Davis, a brother of the murdered man: Holland came to New York in response to a letter from Thomas Davis to buy counterfeit money. His visit to the office was for the purpose of obtaining \$10,000 in counterfeit money.

On his arrival he entered the room occupied by Thos. Davis, whose desk stood close to a partition in the adjoining room, unknown to Holland. Thos. Davis was concealed. Davis produced and showed Holland \$10,000 in genuine greenbacks. Holland examined the bills and handed them to Davis who placed them in a black bag close to the partition. He then endeavored to engage the Texan in conversation, and tried to distract his attention. At what time he thought was the proper moment, he gave a concerted signal and Thos. Davis

OPENED A TRAP DOOR IN THE PARTITION
And removed the bag, intending to replace it with one similar in appearance, but containing only a quantity of paper, done up in a package looking like bank notes. At the moment Holland chanced to look up from counting his money and saw the movement. In a moment he was on his feet and drew a pistol. "You d—d" he cried, "you are trying to rob me; take that," and fired a shot through the partition, the range in which Thos. Davis was concealed. The Texan walked down stairs and into the street, when Thos. Davis followed him shouting.

"So I did," retorted Holland; "he tried to rob me and this pistol I shot him with." The brother, the murderer and officer went back to the office at Reade street, where Holland pointed to the bag containing the spurious money, saying: "Officer, I want you to take charge of this bag." Holland was then taken to the station, where he was held on his last and taking the \$10,000 in good money which had lain unnoticed in the back room, disappeared. When he went to the station to surrender himself, he found the station to be a scene of confusion. In the crowd he saw a man whom he knew as a friend of his and called upon the police to arrest him, and the man was arrested and gave the name of J. T. Holland.

New York, September 1.—James T. Holland, the Texan who shot and killed "Tom" Davis yesterday, was taken to the police quarters this morning for the purpose of giving the detectives an opportunity of seeing him. He appeared unconcerned and seemed to look upon his arrest as a mere formality.

HOLLAND WAS HANDICAPPED BY A DETECTIVE.
And crowds followed them through the streets. When asked how he felt, Holland replied: "Oh, I am all right." He refused to say anything about the affair, but told the fact that Davis and his pals had tried to rob him.

A New Pension Decision.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Second Comptroller Maynard has made a decision in the case of the claims of soldiers for arrears for pay and bounty who have been honorably discharged, but who are charged up on the military records with desertion. He says that in cases where soldiers have been marked on the roll and reported as deserters, and it appears that within a reasonable time thereafter, and while the war was still in progress and the army engaged in active hostilities against the enemy he voluntarily returned to his company and regiment, and was unconditionally received into the service, and was received on conditions of forfeiture of pay or allowances, and he subsequently rendered faithful and acceptable military services and was honorably discharged, it will be held that the provisions of the act relating to desertion, which are applicable to deserters who do not return to the service, shall not apply to such soldiers, and that they shall be entitled to the full pay and allowances due them for the period of their desertion.

Pretty, but Wicked Minnie Walkup
St. Louis, September 1.—The certificate of analysis issued by Coroner Frost from Prof. Wm. Jones of the Kansas City College in the case of the remains of J. H. Walkup, reads: "That this affiant has made a careful analysis of the contents of said stomach and a portion of the liver for the detection of arsenic and mercury, and has discovered arsenic in appreciable quantities, but no traces of mercury."

That arsenic was discovered in both portions of the liver and the stomach. Excelsior, Kansas, September 1.—Late yesterday afternoon the coroner's jury returned a verdict finding that deceased came to his death by arsenical poisoning, and from all the evidence the jury believe that arsenic was administered to him by his wife, Minnie Wallace Walkup. A warrant has been sworn out for Mrs. Walkup's arrest, and she will have a preliminary hearing this morning.

The Knights and the Railroads.

GALVESTON, September 1.—In accordance with an agreement entered into last evening between the Gulf & Santa Fe Railroad Company and the Knights of Labor, the business part of the line has been resumed. The conference committee are still in session, and expect to reach an equitable adjustment of the points of difference so as to be able to report to the members of the Knights of Labor to-morrow evening.

Nellie Grant Sails To-morrow.

New York, September 1.—Colonel Fred Grant, Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Sartoris arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last evening. The party will remain at the hotel until

Wednesday, when Mrs. Sartoris will sail for Europe. Mrs. Grant will then go to Westchester county to visit her son.

In Memory of Immortal Perry.

Newport, R. I., September 1.—The ceremony of laying the corner stone of the statue to the memory of Commander Oliver Hazard Perry, of Lake Erie fame, was performed this morning with all the pomp and ritual of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The statue is now beside the base and will be placed in position to-morrow. The entire height of the statue and base is 28 feet. The base is of the best Westerly granite. On one side is the simple word "Perry," and on the reverse the well-known sentence, first heard on Lake Erie in 1813, "We have met the enemy and they are ours." The lower tier of the base is divided into four sections, while the top tier is square and in one block. The figure of the statue itself is very striking. It represents the naval hero as having just stepped out from the boat that conveyed him from the ship "Lawrence" to the ship "Niagara," standing hatless upon the deck of the latter vessel with upraised hand, giving directions to the men about to try to trim the sails as to enable him to run alongside the enemy. The statue is in bronze, and weighs about four tons. It is located exactly opposite the Perry mansion.

Electricity on the Elevated Roads.

New York, September 1.—The managers of the Elevated Roads are making preparations to run their cars by electricity. Last night the Daft electric motor was given a trial trip, which was in every respect satisfactory. The motor was attached to the regular Ninth Avenue passenger coach with about thirty people on board. At 10:20 p.m. the signal was given by Mr. Daft, and with-out the least jarring the train started out from Fourteenth street station on the steep slope. It ran smoothly and without noise, intermittent flashes of electric light and sparks from still rusty rails marking its progress. Thirty-fourth street was reached at 23 minutes to 11 o'clock from this to Fifty-fifth street station the motor sped without stop, reaching the end of the "Electric" road at 42 minutes past 10 o'clock. On the turn trip the run from end to end was made in 7 minutes. The schedule time of the road, including stops, is nine minutes. Hundreds of people along the route cheered as the train sped by.

An Irish Time in Dublin.

DUBLIN, September 1.—During the torch-light procession in Galway last night, in honor of Timothy O'Connor, a number of the processionists attacked a detachment of Yorkshire soldiers on garrison duty there. The noise attracted the attention of the latter's comrades, and they issued from the barracks in force and joined in the melee. For four hours the fight raged furiously, and stones being freely used by both sides. A large number of windows were smashed and many persons injured. Finally, the police, who had in the meantime been reinforced with the aid of the military not engaged in the riot, quelled the disturbance.

Cotton Mills Resuming in Good Shape.

BALTIMORE, September 1.—To-day the cotton mills at Woodbury, four in number, are giving employment to upwards of 2,000 operatives, and making arrangements to go to work on full time. The McEwens' mills, which have been closed for a week, will be ready to send a full force of 600, and on full time. The Woodbury, Clipper and Park mills and the Druid mill will be run on full time on Monday next, as will also the Mount Vernon mill.

The Wrangle Over the Stakes.

TORONTO, September 1.—John F. Kennedy, representative of McCaffrey, arrived here last night and had an interview with Hefere Tate relative to a decision by that official concerning the Sullivan-McCaffrey fight, and the result is that telegrams have been sent to the stake holder to come here with the original articles of agreement, and to Sullivan for these offices is now being made at the Postoffice Department, to receive the signature of the President, and will be transmitted to the Senate at the beginning of the next session.

Jim Renwick Takes First Race.

SHEPHERD BAY, September 1.—First race, all ages, three-fourths of a mile, was won by the California horse Jim Renwick, with Avon second and Conkling third. Time, 1:16 1/2. Second race, sweepstakes, one and one-eighth miles, was won by the California horse Jim Renwick, with Avon second and Conkling third. Time, 1:59. Third race, three-quarters of a mile, for non-winning three-year-olds, won by Millie, with the Scottish Lass second and the California horse Fortuna third. Time, 1:13 1/4.

About the Postoffices.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Of 2,332 post-offices in the United States, changes have been made in 487 cases since the adjournment of the Senate. A list of nominations for these offices is now being made at the Postoffice Department, to receive the signature of the President, and will be transmitted to the Senate at the beginning of the next session.

Chicago Markets To-day.

CHICAGO, September 1.—Wheat sold off rapidly toward the close, and closed 1/2 under yesterday; 79 cash, 80 1/2 October; 82 1/2 @ 83 November. Corn firm, 43 1/2 cash, September; 42 1/2 October; 39 1/2 November. Oats steady, 24 1/2 cash, 24 1/2 @ 25 October; 25 1/2 November. Whisky nominal.

At Washington Park.

CHICAGO, September 1.—The first race at Washington Park, one and one-sixteenth mile, was a walk-over.

The second race, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Lycurgus, with Midnight second and Lycurgus third. Time, 1:18.

Stocks in New York.

New York, September 1.—Bar silver

\$1.05 1/2. Stocks were dull and featureless during the last half hour. Fluctuations have been very slight, but generally with a downward tendency. At noon the market was dull and steady within small fractions of opening prices.

Gwin Getting Better.

New York, September 1.—Ex-Senator Gwin, of California, is on a rapid road to recovery. His condition is greatly improved. As soon as he is sufficiently recovered he will return to his home.

Under a Democratic Administration.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—It is estimated at the Treasury Department that there has been a decrease of about \$3,000,000 of the public debt during August.

A French Newspaper's Demands.

PARIS, September 1.—The *Republique Francaise* demands that England discontinue the offer of reward for the head of Oliver Pain.

Yesterday's Deaths in Spain.

MADRID, September 1.—There were 3,620 new cases of cholera and 1,129 deaths from the disease reported yesterday throughout Spain.

Ex-Senator Gwin Seriously Ill.

New York, September 1.—Ex-Senator William M. Gwin, of California, is seriously ill at the New York Hotel. He is 80 years old.

HE SPOKE OF GRANT.

And a Cranky Pennsylvanian Fired the Pastor Out of the Pulpit.

On Thursday Maud S. Will Again Attempt to Lower Her Record of 2:08 3/4.

Bravery of a Canadian Woman, Who Chops Off a Ravisher's Head With an Ax.

Wild Scene in a Pennsylvania

York, Penn., September 1.—A decided sensation was created in Wintertown, this county, Sunday, by J. H. Fulton, a well-known resident of the village. Rev. J. F. Schultz, of Shrewsburg, pastor, embracing the Wintertown Evangelical Church, some time ago announced that yesterday he would preach a Grant memorial sermon. Fulton gave notice that such a sermon should not be preached in that church. But little attention was paid to his threat, and Sunday Rev. Mr. Schultz announced his text and proceeded with the sermon, enumerating the great men of ancient and modern times. Fulton sat quietly until General Grant's name was mentioned, when he sprang to his feet, brandished his fists and cried to the minister: "Stop that!" The preacher continued his discourse, and Fulton advanced up the aisle. Great confusion prevailed, which reached a crisis when the angry member sprang into the pulpit and violently assaulted the pastor, knocking him down. A rush was made by the congregation to defend the pastor. Order was finally restored and the sermon finished. Fulton will probably be prosecuted. It is said he has left the place. His action has caused great indignation.

Our New Spanish Treaty.

MADRID, September 1.—John A. Foster, American Minister spent a fortnight at the royal palace, Palace of Lagranja de San ilde Fonzo. He had frequent interviews with Senor Elduayen, Minister of Foreign Affairs, on the subjects of the proposed new commercial treaty between Spain and the United States. It is understood that though the treaty was not signed, an agreement was reached between the representatives of the two governments by which the reciprocity provisions contained in the former treaty were abandoned. The new treaty is confined to reforms in the Cuban custom laws. Spain accepts the interpretation of the modus vivendi, signed in February, 1884, which was contended for by the United States.

The settlement of the claims of American citizens against the Spanish Government arising from the insurrection in Cuba is provided for.

The Affairs of the Carolines.

LONDON, September 1.—The *Standard's* Berlin dispatch says: Germany will not surrender the Carolines. There were imposing meetings in numerous cities of France and Spain on Sunday to protest against the action of Germany on this subject. The mayors of Barcelona and Valencia have returned the German crosses with which they have been honored. Spain has received the officers' moral and material support throughout the contest. The *Standard's* Madrid correspondent says Foster, United States Minister, has settled the details of the Cuban claims of American citizens after several parleys with the Foreign Minister. They have come to a decision regarding the commercial agreement between Spain and the United States.

Gladstone Homeward Bound.

LONDON, September 1.—The yacht "Sunbeam," with Mr. Gladstone and party on board, arrived at Wick, Scotland, yesterday. A deputation of the inhabitants of that town went on board the "Sunbeam" and greeted Mr. Gladstone effectively, and he held him to land. Mrs. Gladstone, speaking for her husband, said his health was unequal to the fatigue of landing. The "Sunbeam" afterwards proceeded southward.

An Outraged Woman's Good Work.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., September 1.—Martin Archibald, a wealthy farmer residing in Huntingdon, broke into the house of Mrs. Mary Adams and attempted to ravish her. Her son arriving on the scene struck him with an axe, and he released his hold, when Mrs. Adams seized the axe and, attacking Archibald, nearly severed his head from his body.

Surplus Wheat Crop.

LONDON, September 1.—The European wheat crop is reported as follows: On the basis of 100—Australia 104, Hungary 117, Prussia 94, Saxony and Bavaria 100, Baden 97, Wurtemberg 89, Denmark 116, Sweden and Norway 105, Italy 70 to 85, Switzerland 125, Holland and Great Britain 95, Russia 75 to 100, Roumania 80 to 115.

A Democrat Who Believes in Reform.

BOSTON, September 1.—Hon. John E. Russell, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, has written a letter declining an invitation to preside over the coming Democratic State Convention, on the ground that he is a member of the board appointed without regard to politics, his acceptance would not be an example of the true principles of civil service.

DeGiers Sold on Peace.

VENNA, September 1.—M. DeGiers, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, conversing with Count Esterhazy about the security of English visitors at the Bohemian spa, expressed his belief that there would be double the number of visitors in 1886.